

KCFFI CORE VALUES:

- KCFFI is committed to seeking out and implementing the most innovative, creative ideas to expand what is possible and make our vision reality.
- The Food & Fitness Initiative will incorporate and inspire people to have fun because we believe it's a natural way to bring families and communities together through meals, recreation, celebrations, music, art, and play. Fun is an essential path to health and well-being.
- Social Justice: Everyone has the right to wellness, health, opportunities, power, and choices.
- KCFFI is committed to structuring our work so that youth participate meaningfully & effectively. Creating opportunity for growth through shared learning and support. Generating interest and participation by meeting young people where they are.
- Community Driven: Create a transparent and meaningful decision making process, that directly involves our diverse community.
- We are a diverse and inclusive collaborative that encourages and embraces all ideas, communities and people.
- Local power, collective ownership / responsibility, indigenous leadership

Food Systems Domains

Vision / Goals	Strategies	Local Assets	Barriers	Regional Assets
<p><b>PRODUCING (agriculture, harvest from the wild)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Shared open spaces</li> <li>▪ Make farming viable and easier / Farmers are able to make a decent living growing food</li> <li>▪ Harvest locally grown food</li> <li>▪ Policy and systems pieces to make farming viable and enjoyable (healthy for people and environment)</li> <li>▪ All suitable King County farmland is in production and growing affordable food for our communities.</li> <li>▪ Food is fair and just from farm to table</li> <li>▪ Strong communities connected over food and gardening</li> <li>▪ Sustainable economic development in all areas of food supply and production to create neighborhood jobs to grow local jobs.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Use culinary arts folks to educate community to use open spaces for food growth and “sustainable urban farms”</li> <li>▪ Planting strips – use available areas</li> <li>▪ Expensive to garden: starting seeds together to make it more</li> <li>▪ Use school gardens</li> <li>▪ Open spaces and local opportunities for groups of people to work together in food production</li> <li>▪ Farmers’ markets and CSA’s in Delridge and WC</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SSCC – open spaces for community use &amp; education</li> <li>• Community gardens and P-patches                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Longfellow</li> <li>○ High Point Market Garden/possible farm stand in Delridge</li> <li>○ Reservoir lidding – P-patch/garden opportunity</li> <li>○ P-Patch Cultivating Youth – Delridge</li> <li>○ White Center: 10 garden plots in WC Heights Park</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Increased consumer demand for locally produced food</li> <li>• Danny Woo Garden in ID</li> <li>• Marra Farm in South Park</li> <li>• Rainier Valley Grower’s Cooperative</li> <li>• Seattle Tilth program</li> <li>• Available land</li> <li>• Immigrant populations able to access gardens</li> <li>• LFHK</li> <li>• Croft Place in W Seattle</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increasing land prices</li> <li>• Urban sprawl</li> <li>• Development</li> <li>• How to reach low-income residents</li> <li>• Small farmer financial burden</li> <li>• Demand for local produce?</li> <li>• 3% local grower increase is capacity*</li> <li>• Lack of water/water rights</li> <li>• Flooding issues</li> <li>• New farmers</li> <li>• Winter production is slow</li> <li>• Is farming a viable occupation?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Urban agriculture organizations</li> <li>• King County Farmland Preservation</li> <li>• 42,000 acres + farmland in King County</li> <li>• Pierce county also has farmland protection</li> <li>• Washington Farm Link</li> <li>• Increased farmer apprenticeship program</li> <li>• WSDA</li> <li>• WSU programs</li> <li>• Season extension programs</li> </ul>
<p><b>PROCESSING (transforming, packaging and labeling)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local labeling</li> <li>• Mobile slaughter unit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of certified infrastructure, especially for small/mid-sized producers</li> <li>• Lack of processing facilities for meat, dairy, produce</li> <li>• Cost of facilities</li> <li>• Lack of interest in cooperatives</li> <li>• Food safety concerns</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Eat Local Now” – Sustainable Ballard program for modeling</li> <li>• Puget Sound Fresh</li> </ul>
<p><b>DISTRIBUTING (wholesaling, storage and transportation)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Food Access                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Food to institution (school, hospital, work) policies</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lettuce Link – P-patch food donations</li> <li>• Gleaning of fruit tree in Delridge &amp; White Center</li> <li>• Food banks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of certified infrastructure, especially for small/mid-sized producers</li> <li>• Lack of processing facilities for meat, dairy,</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Food banks – 28 in Seattle, 35 in KC</li> <li>• South King County Food Bank Coalition</li> <li>• WSU Farm-to-School program</li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ppl have affordable and equitable access to healthy foods, no matter their color, language, shape, or size.</li> <li>• Local grocery stores give residents power (talk about what's there/not)</li> <li>• Farm to table representation</li> <li>• Farmers/Consumers relationship</li> <li>• Farm/city exchanges</li> <li>• Strong connections between vital and vibrant rural communities—where food is grown—and urban/suburban communities.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Changing food procurement process (i.e. schools not required to go with the lowest bid, but could have other criteria to apply such as X amount needs to be fresh)</li> <li>○ Schools have some local choices but limited funds. Increase funds or change district policies</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Meal programs</li> <li>• Odessa Brown – possible Solid Ground partnership for fruits &amp; veg access</li> <li>• Farm to school efforts</li> <li>• West Seattle Farmer's Market</li> <li>• Asian Council RS food bank in ID</li> <li>• WC food bank &amp; community resource center</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>produce</li> <li>• Cost of facilities</li> <li>• Lack of interest in cooperatives</li> <li>• Food safety concerns</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local Farms, Healthy Kids bill proposed in state legislature</li> <li>• Interest in schools to participate in healthy food activities</li> <li>• Food Policy Council</li> </ul>
<p><b>RETAILING (supermarkets, grocery stores, farmers markets)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Affordable and Equitable Access to healthy foods</li> <li>• Improving access to healthy foods as well as classes in nutrition and providing foods which honor everyone's cultural background and wisdom.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Work with local businesses to stock produce from community</li> <li>• Innovative ways to provide access to local food (E.g: the grocery store bus?)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Past experience with WC farmers market</li> <li>• Farm to consumer marketing</li> <li>• Consumer Supported Agriculture (CSA)</li> <li>• Restaurants serving local food</li> <li>• Food buying clubs</li> <li>• Grocers selling local foods</li> <li>• Asian stores selling produce</li> <li>• Locally owned groceries interested in local foods</li> <li>• Diverse food culture and food establishments</li> <li>• Delridge – support for town center with grocery store</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• No retail/fresh produce in Delridge</li> <li>• Locally grown, organic foods expensive</li> <li>• West Seattle considered "saturated" for groceries, but is all concentrated north, not in focus areas</li> <li>• Buyer education/lack of knowledge/awareness</li> <li>• Economics of pricing</li> <li>• Distribution</li> <li>• Sustainability targeted to higher-end retailers</li> <li>• EBT – lack of access to famers markets</li> <li>• Transportation to stores</li> <li>• Consumer confusion about labels</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• KC healthy restaurant initiative</li> <li>• CSA shares increasing</li> <li>• Restaurants serving local foods</li> <li>• Food buying clubs</li> <li>• Farmers Markets</li> <li>• Farm-to-table efforts</li> </ul>
<p><b>PREPARING (institutional food service, emergency food programs)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Create culture that makes time for healthy cooking and eating</li> <li>▪ Accessible resources/services around nutrition and healthy cooking/eating</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Food education – how to prepare fresh and healthy food, and the variety of prep available</li> <li>• Community education – churches, culturally specific</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• White Center food bank – has community garden &amp; teaches residents how to prepare foods</li> <li>• Interest in community kitchen</li> <li>• Donated building for community kitchen</li> <li>• Cooking classes at community colleges and PCC market</li> <li>• Gospel Mission/Salvation Army provide meals</li> <li>• Rainier Valley kitchen – pay for food</li> <li>• WC Heights Park plots – foodbank</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Typically high prices of locally produced foods</li> <li>• Need to form nutritional thinking for targeting community health (focus on nutrients rather than whole foods, food systems, food &amp; health)</li> <li>• Time and knowledge issue for healthy food prep</li> <li>• "Grab and Go" culture and relationship to food prep</li> <li>• Lack of time</li> <li>• Lack of a positive food culture</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• WSU Food Sense CHANGE</li> <li>• Fare Start training</li> </ul>
<p><b>EATING (nutrition &amp; consumption)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strong communities connected over food</li> <li>• Celebrate, build culture of sharing and enjoying food with others</li> <li>• Intergenerational actions around food, arts, service, cooking together, skill sharing, role recognition, increased understanding among groups</li> <li>• Organized nutritional activity for all</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• People get together to go to market</li> <li>• Consider coops where ppl can buy in bulk</li> <li>• Neighborhood classes teaching community members of all kinds about cooking, farming, nutrition, and the food systsem. (maybe at community kitchens?)</li> <li>• Incentives for healthy behaviors, e.g., Insurance</li> <li>• Improve State requirements for healthy food in schools</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Community kitchens – Rainier &amp; Garfield</li> <li>• Some YMCAs developing community kitchens</li> <li>• Local food movement</li> <li>• School nutrition programs</li> <li>• Healthy Eating by Design at TT Minor elementary</li> <li>• WSU Food Sense CHANGE project in WC schools</li> <li>• Fruit on neighborhood trees</li> <li>• Everyone eats</li> <li>• Lots of choice</li> <li>• Immigrant communities think of food as a way to share culture</li> <li>• Restaurants</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• School challenges for healthy foods</li> <li>• Resources of providing fresh, locally grown foods</li> <li>• People are "too busy" to cook</li> <li>• Lack of knowledge about fresh foods</li> <li>• Access is limited for low-income populations and seniors</li> <li>• Time to prepare healthy foods</li> <li>• Cost</li> <li>• Poor farm-to-school programs</li> <li>• Lack of a positive food culture</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rainier Valley and Garfield community kitchens</li> <li>• YMCA developing community kitchens</li> <li>• Seattle schools nutrition curriculum</li> <li>• SNAC – King County Public Health (Elizabeth Kimble)</li> <li>• Healthy Restaurant Initiative in King County</li> <li>• Carbon consciousness encourages local eating</li> <li>• Schools (some) focusing on healthy eating</li> <li>• Bastyr University</li> <li>• Some local restaurants focused on local food</li> <li>• Diversity of food types and cuisine</li> <li>• Local political will</li> </ul>

<p>ages, integrated with physical activity/recreation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accessible resources/services around nutrition and healthy cooking/eating</li> </ul>		•		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Eat Better, Feel Better and Apple Corps in schools (Solid Ground program)</li> <li>• School vending machine policies restricting unhealthy foods</li> </ul>
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## Fitness Environment Domains

Vision / Goals	Strategies	Local Assets	Barriers	Regional Assets
<p><b>SCHOOLS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Schools offer all students healthy foods and PE everyday.</li> <li>• Community, schools where people can come together</li> <li>• Schools offer all students healthy foods and PE everyday.</li> <li>• Engaged youth and creation of space for meaningful youth engagement</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Increase activity requirement in schools for all ages</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Activity spaces affiliated with schools such as basketball courts</li> <li>• Kids love to move</li> <li>• A health scan and fair prepared for Summer 2008</li> <li>• Pilot program "Family Connections" with Annie E. Casey Foundation</li> <li>• Seattle Public Schools new PE curriculum</li> <li>• Recommend at least 60 minutes of physical activity each day for Seattle Public Schools Improved learning and exercising environment with lower operating costs – does that mean more money for programs?</li> <li>• Gates funding/Thrive By Five focus on White Center Early Learning</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increasing land prices</li> <li>• District is slow to move</li> <li>• WASL takes priority (over other issues)</li> <li>• Nature Deficit Disorder</li> <li>• Time</li> <li>• Safety</li> <li>• Stranger Danger</li> <li>• Less participation of kids and parents in low income areas in bike or walk to school programs</li> <li>• Growing number of families with young children – many who don't know or understand the American school systems</li> <li>• Limited resources to evaluate policies</li> <li>• Funding</li> <li>• 30 minute PE periods limit curriculum options and activities</li> <li>• Many schools in K-12 (at all levels) are not meeting the minimum number of hours that OSPI requires for PE</li> <li>• Funding for basics of bicycling and similar programs – if not funded by the district then difficult to sustain</li> <li>• Funding and administration of crossing guard program in Seattle</li> <li>• Current budget and fiscal policies</li> <li>• City codes</li> <li>• School board approval – if productive school profits not important ?</li> <li>• Need all schools to buy in on the idea of changing their PE</li> <li>• Need more money</li> <li>• Sustainability of facilities – lower up front cost may not translate into long-term savings or health</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Activity spaces with schools</li> <li>• Health scan and fair, Summer 2008</li> <li>• Community groups such as Cascade Bicycle Coalition interest in schools – also have Basics of Bicycling for bike safety</li> <li>• PA programs after school</li> <li>• TT Minor Playfield</li> <li>• History of Seattle Parks and school partnerships</li> <li>• Seismic upgrade funding</li> <li>• South Seattle Community College looking at culturally appropriate fitness centers</li> <li>• K-12 PE curriculum adopted in Seattle</li> <li>• WA State Center for Safe Routes to School</li> <li>• Healthy Foods/Healthy Kids initiative in the legislature</li> <li>• Walk-a-thons instead of food as fundraisers</li> <li>• Green school/LEED standards</li> </ul>

<p><b>PARKS &amp; RECREATION</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safe natural spaces in the city for unstructured play and active exploration (walking trails, parks, festivals/events)</li> <li>• Eyes on the street (watch others' kids)</li> <li>• More space/encouragement for informal activities and play</li> <li>• Organized recreational activity for all ages</li> <li>• Active participation in sports</li> <li>• Integrated recreational / nutrition activities</li> <li>• Engaged youth and creation of space for meaningful youth engagement</li> <li>• Ppl have affordable and equitable access to physical activity, no matter their color, language, shape, or size.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organized youth leagues, healthy snacks</li> <li>• Organized senior activities</li> <li>• Organized park/trail activities</li> <li>• More culturally appropriate activities</li> <li>• Utilize churches for PA opportunities</li> <li>• E.g., Wednesday night youth trail walking/running</li> <li>• Increase critical mass outside to improve feelings of safety</li> <li>• Open parks <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Increase lighting</li> <li>◦ Increase activity</li> <li>◦ Increase presence of people at parks for safety</li> </ul> </li> <li>• SSCC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Better park site info on websites – easier to contact coordinators to reserve</li> <li>◦ Better relationship with schools with good facilities</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Assets: pretty well-maintained</li> <li>• Need scholarships for reserving fields for different groups</li> <li>• Need access to more areas for pick-up games</li> <li>• Unutilized spaces → access to information and improve use</li> <li>• Greg Davis Park – need slower traffic on 26<sup>th</sup></li> <li>• Bathroom access at parks</li> <li>• Publish calendar online to reserve parks / how to find facilities</li> <li>• Greenbelt volunteers needed to greenbelt maintenance (Duwamish is the largest)</li> <li>• Need for kids in clubs (boxing) to have access to food</li> <li>• Food donations for sports programs</li> <li>• Safe walking places</li> <li>• Policies for funding to working, active programs to continue or expand programs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• New Parks and Renovation at White Center Heights, Cox Park Memorial, White Center Pond</li> <li>• Planned redevelopment and renovation of parks</li> <li>• High ratio of open space to people and extensive existing trails</li> <li>• Very active stakeholder base interested in increasing programming with funds committed by parks</li> <li>• Land and space for CSA development</li> <li>• Reservoir lidding (potential open space for park / garden / farm?)</li> <li>• Islandwood</li> <li>• Walking Groups</li> <li>• White Center Neighborhood Plan: UW completed some initial open space inventory in 2007</li> <li>• “Friends of” community groups exist though they need more support</li> <li>• Public safety group is interested in parks and safety with law enforcement</li> <li>• YMCA is active</li> <li>• Dells and Ridges trail mapping</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parks and open spaces are underutilized</li> <li>• Time</li> <li>• Doesn't connect with all populations</li> <li>• Funding lacking</li> <li>• 3 small areas of open space – underutilized for legitimate activities</li> <li>• Broken connections between WC &amp; Delridge</li> <li>• Lacking partnership of local school</li> <li>• Safety and access</li> <li>• YMCA has difficulty recruiting and retaining families</li> <li>• Other organizations find it difficult to gain access to city, county parks for program</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Seattle Marathon</li> <li>• Danskin Triathlon</li> <li>• Triathlon clubs</li> <li>• Access (driving &amp; ferry) to outdoors</li> <li>• YMCA – Strong Kids and Teams program</li> <li>• Green Legacy Coalition funding for parks and open spaces</li> <li>• Parks levy</li> <li>• Seattle Parks &amp; Rec are pushing health and fitness activities for youth &amp; families</li> <li>• Community centers adding more cooking classes for youth and families for healthy eating</li> </ul>
<p><b>ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION (walking, biking, public transit etc)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Opportunities for lifetime fitness</li> <li>• Strong communities connected over physical activity</li> <li>• Car dependence is significantly diminished; our communities provide places to walk, play, shop, use transit and bike to serve our daily needs for persona and community health.</li> <li>• People on the sidewalk, in public spaces and out of the streets</li> <li>• Safe inviting opens spaces (walking trails, parks, festivals/events)</li> <li>• Walkable communities where</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Walking groups (High point)</li> <li>• Walking “school bus”</li> <li>• Bike to school programs</li> <li>• Bike racks</li> <li>• Designated biking / walking corridors</li> <li>• Sidewalks</li> <li>• Crossing guards</li> <li>• Walking safety, not just home to school, but for after school programs</li> <li>• Places to dry off at public facilities</li> <li>• Connections to where kids hand out</li> <li>• Make streetscape more inviting</li> <li>• Neighborhood bike clubs</li> <li>• Walking social activities</li> <li>• Sidewalk art – wayfinding system</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Potential expansion of the street car system</li> <li>• Planned rapid ride routes for busses in Delridge and White Center</li> <li>• With DNDA and SOPI – a discussion of a TOD project at 98<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> SW</li> <li>• Pedestrian safety improvements at 98<sup>th</sup> Street including pathways, lights, art and a kiosk</li> <li>• Increased community awareness of bike and walking paths</li> <li>• Series of neighborhood walks and surveys regarding walking</li> <li>• Roundtable discussions about this in the community</li> <li>• Many modes of transportation begin and end in the ID</li> <li>• Neighborhood representation on the Seattle</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of access to fitness centers for homeless and low income communities</li> <li>• No sidewalks in neighborhoods north of 85<sup>th</sup> in Seattle</li> <li>• Low-income areas have less access to biking programs</li> <li>• Less participation of parents with kids biking to school</li> <li>• Delridge and White Center: preferred rapid ride route is going to Fauntleroy</li> <li>• Cultural expectations and norms regarding walking and physical activity</li> <li>• Safety</li> <li>• Inadequate bike routes</li> <li>• Pollution from modes of transportation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SDOT Safe Routes to school coordinator – Jim Curtin</li> <li>• Cascade Bike to Work Day/Month</li> <li>• Bike to school programs</li> <li>• Cascade’s Bike Safety Education program</li> <li>• Feet First pedestrian programs</li> <li>• Biodiesel buses</li> <li>• Bridging the gap money</li> <li>• Seattle Bike Master Plan</li> <li>• Seattle Pedestrian Master Plan</li> </ul>

<p>people can walk to school, groceries, etc.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bike shop (community model)</li> <li>• Adopt-a-street program</li> <li>• Safety on staircases along Delridge</li> <li>• Policy / system change, zoning</li> <li>• Incentives for healthy behaviors, e.g., Insurance</li> <li>• Community fitness groups (walking, sports)</li> </ul>	<p>Pedestrian Master Plan advisory group &amp; King County Food &amp; Fitness initiative</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not many residents drive</li> <li>• Stakeholders use public transportation</li> <li>• White Center and Delridge have highest bus ridership</li> <li>• Transit hub in White Center</li> </ul>	<p>threaten and compromise health</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Area business owners and employees and visitors don't use public transportation</li> <li>• Stadium traffic</li> <li>• People's fears about safety w/r/t for biking and walking</li> <li>• Schools don't always have bike racks</li> </ul>	
<p><b>COMMUNITY DESIGN/ LAND USE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Walkable communities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Safe and friendly streets</li> <li>○ Destinations that are community oriented, linked by safe corridors</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ Safe natural spaces in the city for unstructured play and active exploration (walking trails, parks, festivals/events)</li> <li>▪ Networks of trust – know who lives near you</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Equitable development. Prevent against gentrification, and keep the most vulnerable populations in the area as it transitions to a healthier environment. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Includes wage increases/living wage</li> <li>○ Rent protection</li> <li>○ Affordable housing</li> <li>○ Commercial protection of locally owned businesses</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Redesign of Children's Park in the ID</li> <li>• Livable SoDo plan bringing awareness</li> <li>• Boren School site – no current plans; could be town center?</li> <li>• Dense Development</li> <li>• St. James Cultural Center – potential hub for community activities</li> <li>• 98<sup>th</sup> Street Corridor redesigned</li> <li>• Dells and Ridges work</li> <li>• Walking routes project</li> <li>• Walkable neighborhoods</li> <li>• Neighborhood matching funds from government</li> <li>• WC neighborhood plan (2007)</li> <li>• Many parks</li> <li>• Promise of new facilities</li> <li>• Boys &amp; Girls Clubs</li> <li>• Community Centers</li> <li>• YMCAs</li> <li>• Lots of advocates</li> <li>• SDOT inventoried sidewalks</li> <li>• Delridge – support for town center &amp; grocery store</li> <li>• Seattle interested in pedestrian safety measures</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Seattle Schools lack of clear policy and commitment on putting bike racks in new facilities</li> <li>• Business and commercial lack of bike facilities for bike commuters</li> <li>• Unincorporated King County – what's ahead for annexation?</li> <li>• Delridge: school district is not eager to let go of site (Boren)</li> <li>• SPU and SDOT are not friendly to communities</li> <li>• Funding</li> <li>• Public safety at some destinations</li> <li>• Adequate resources for evaluation process</li> <li>• Public safety</li> <li>• Research doesn't always impact practice</li> <li>• Gentrification</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Seattle Ped &amp; Bike Master Plans</li> <li>• Sidewalk requirements for Seattle developers</li> <li>• Healthscape work</li> <li>• Light rail (evaluate PA in control communities?)</li> <li>• Increased zoning downtown – recent code amendment</li> <li>• Incentive zoning proposals</li> <li>• Cascade agenda – land conservation and plans</li> <li>• Pomegranate Agency</li> <li>• Code requirements for construction to include bike racks</li> <li>• Community involved in development in ID</li> <li>• Efforts looking at high land use impact and livability</li> <li>• Green streets and open spaces</li> </ul>